



# **EC research and innovation strategy and actions for outbreak preparedness and response**

**Evelyn DEPOORTERE, MD, MPH**

Unit "Fighting infectious diseases and  
advancing public health"

**European Virus Bioinformatics Center  
Founding meeting  
6-8 March 2017**

Health Directorate  
DG Research & Innovation  
European Commission

# EC research and innovation strategy: Objectives

---

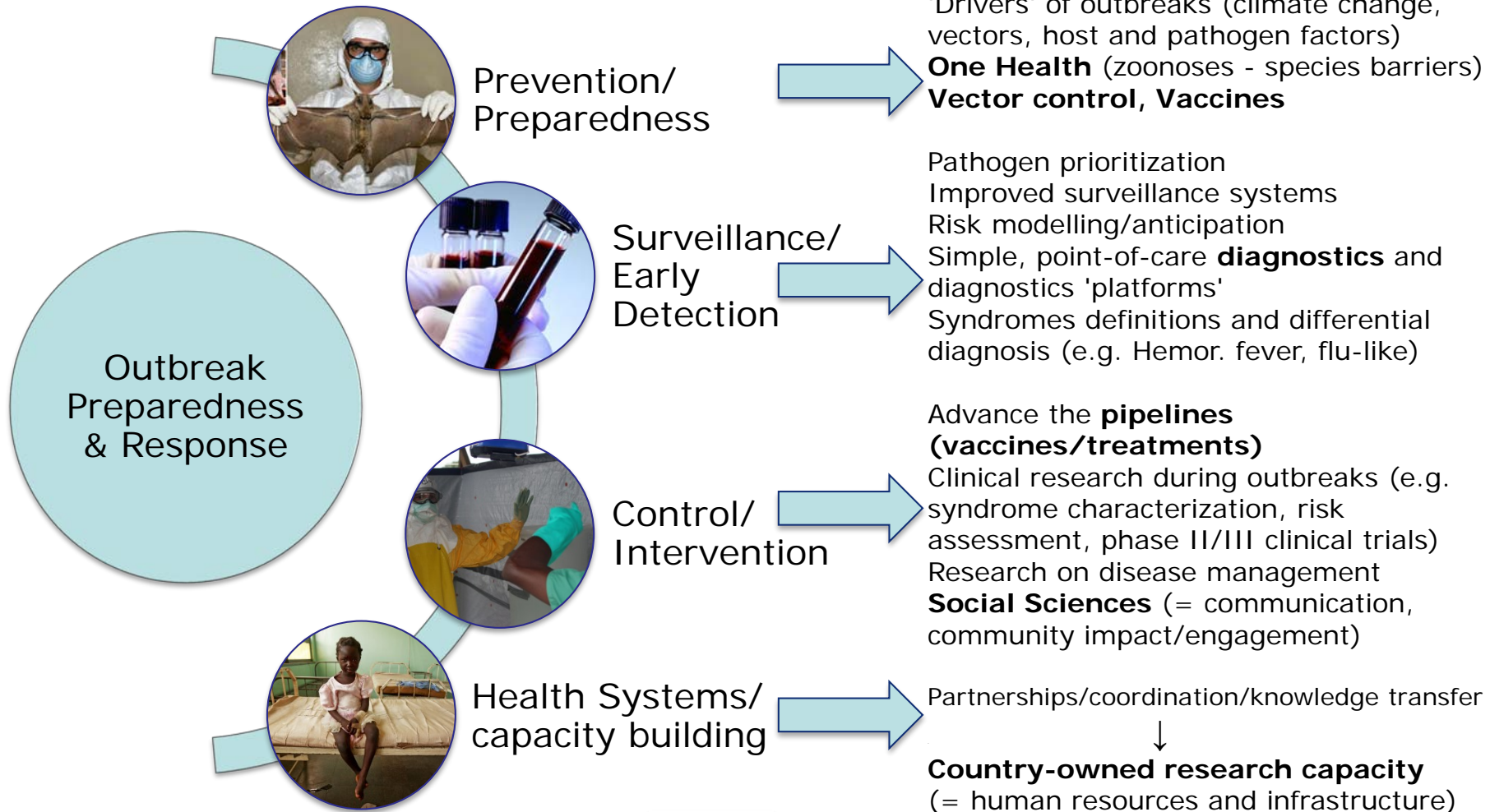
## *Overall*

- Improve prevention and early detection of infectious disease threats in Europe and globally
- Promote a 'One Health' approach

## *Specific*

- Develop the pipeline of medical countermeasures against prioritised (and unexpected/unknown) pathogens
- Ensure that a comprehensive research response is swiftly launched in case of an outbreak
- Facilitate global collaboration

## Research Priorities





# Main funding instruments under Horizon 2020 for preparedness research and response

- **Collaborative research** (Countries, Sectors, Disciplines)

- SC1 (Health), SC2 (Bio-economy), SC6 (Societies), SC7 (Security), Research infrastructures



- **Innovative Medicines Initiative (IMI2)**

- Public-private partnership between EC and pharma industry in Europe



- **European and Developing Countries Clinical Trials Partnership (EDCTP2)**

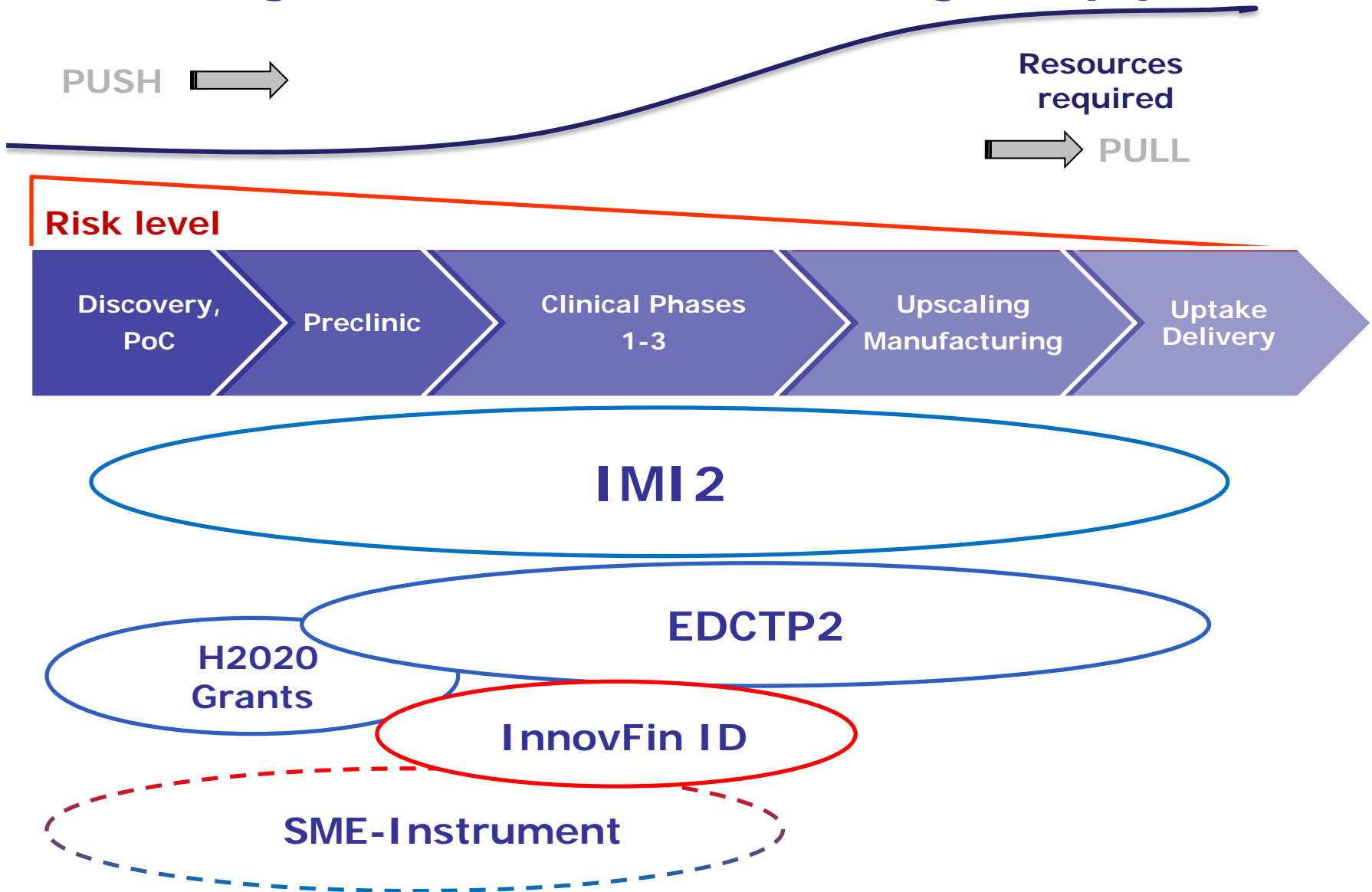
- Partnership between 14 European and 14 African countries



- **InnovFin  
Infectious Diseases**



# EC funding instruments for feeding the pipeline



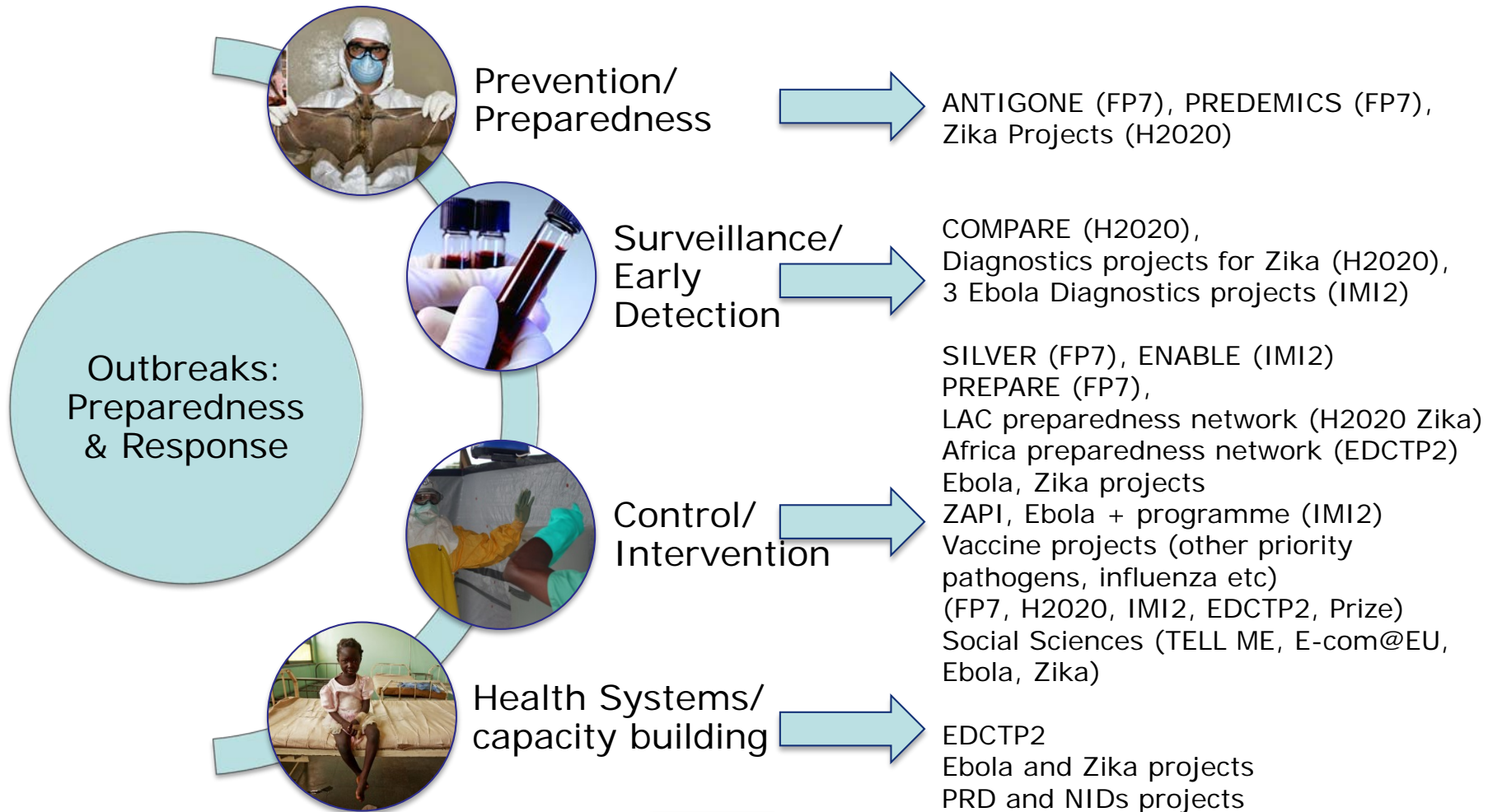


# Specific instruments for response to an outbreak

---

- **Flexibility built into ongoing projects**  
Possibility for the EC or the participants to change research agenda in case of an outbreak
- **Flexible Financial Regulation**  
Foresees the possibility to award grants without a call for proposals in exceptional and duly substantiated emergencies

## Examples of Research Projects



# Some examples

---

- COMPARE

- Aim for an enabling analytical framework and globally linked data and information sharing platform system for rapid identification, containment and mitigation of outbreaks
- Combine sequence-based pathogen data and associated (clinical, epidemiological, etc.) data

- PREPARE

- A European clinical research framework covering primary care and hospital care in the EU
- Implements large inter-epidemic clinical studies and develops new diagnostic tests for diseases
- Aim to ensure a rapid, coordinated deployment of clinical investigators within 48 hours of a severe infectious disease outbreak in Europe



## Some examples (2)

---

- SILVER

- Aimed to develop drug discovery programme to inhibit RNA viruses
- Screened >700,000 cell-based assays, >700 promising hits, 20 tested for proof of concept analysis
- Several licenced products

- VIROGENESIS

- Virus discovery and epidemic tracing from high throughput meta-genomic sequencing
- Addresses the challenge of advancing methodology that maximizes the use of Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS) data in biomedical and clinical settings.
- Identified specific bioinformatics bottlenecks that prevent the effective use of NGS in clinical and epidemiological settings



# Addressing Zika research gaps

- 3 EU funded consortia
- Addressing Zika research gaps
  - Clinical studies: prospective cohorts of pregnant women and newborns, adults with CNS involvement
  - Studies on natural history and clinical spectrum of disease, transmission modes, pathogenesis & immunological consequences of infection, diagnostics development, mathematical modelling, animal reservoirs, vector competence and control, social studies, ...
  - Harmonization of data collection & data sharing roadmap
- Develop LAC region preparedness research network



## Participation in international initiatives

---

- Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations  
<http://cepi.net/>



- International Research Consortium on Animal Health  
<http://www.star-idaz.net/>



- Global Research Collaboration for IDs Preparedness  
<http://www.glopid-r.org/>





# GLOPID-R : Global Research Collaboration for Infectious Disease Preparedness

---

- Brings together 25 major funders of preparedness research whose involvement is crucial for a comprehensive and rapid global outbreak response
- Specific objectives
  - Facilitate the exchange of information
  - Address scientific, legal, ethical and financial challenges
  - Implement a 'One Health' approach
  - Establish a strategic agenda for research response
  - Connect infectious disease research networks
  - Actively involve developing countries

# Research alone is not enough!

---

- Data and sample sharing framework needed
- Regulatory : accelerating licensing without compromising safety
- Liability and insurance issues in pandemic setting
- Large-scale manufacturing, QA, access
- IP matters
- Infrastructure resources for rapid vaccine deployment
- Post-licensure commitments
- ...

# Data sharing

- 3 EU funded consortia on Zika



- Harmonise protocols & tools for data capture & management
- Set up joint harmonised platforms for clinical research
- Share data in real time between the 3 consortia
- Prepare for sharing data with scientific community & public health officials

- GloPID-R working group



- Aims to design a system for data sharing in public health emergencies to support the research response
  - Principles for data sharing in public health emergencies
  - Decision tree to identify data to be shared in particular context
  - Case studies to document data sharing experience

